

## TEXTILOMA NINE YEARS AFTER NEPHRECTOMY

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### ABSTRACT

**Introduction:** Foreign bodies after surgical procedures are not very reported in the literature. It is estimated to have 1 case for 1,300 operations, although in practice the frequency might probably be higher.

**Case Report:** A woman, 38 years, submitted to left nephroureterectomy for renal transplantation in 1993. During 9 years, she was asymptomatic, and then she presented intermittent left flank pain. Radiographic workup demonstrated a textiloma.

**Discussion:** In a review of the literature since 1950, solely 8 cases of textiloma in renal surgeries were reported, probably due to legal implications.

**Key words:** nephrectomy; postoperative complications; foreign bodies  
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### INTRODUCTION

Foreign bodies (gauzes, dressing) left after surgical procedures are not frequently described occurrences, probably due to legal implications, and are related in 1/1,300 laparotomies (1), despite all protocols applied. Some patients may present asymptotically for several years (20%), and others develop early persistent infected discharge through the surgical wound, digestive fistulae, and even septic conditions.

### CASE REPORT

The patient was a 38 years old woman submitted to a left donor nephroureterectomy for renal transplantation in August, 1993. She was asymptomatic in the pos-operative period. She had an annual follow-up. In November 2001, after a mild intermittent left flank pain, she had an ultrasound study that

evidenced a nodular formation of approximately 280 mL, heterogeneous, in the left renal bed (Figure-1). The abdominal CT scan showed a round image of regular contours with soft tissue density, measuring about 7.0x6.3x5.0 in the topography of the left renal bed, with calcifications within it (Figure-2). During the operation, it was identified as a solid mass with well defined limits, mildly adhered to adjacent structures, and poor vascularization.

The opening of the mass after its removal was performed, confirming the initial diagnosis of surgical foreign body (bandage).

### DISCUSSION

Literature review shows few reports of foreign bodies in surgery. Ballesteros et al. (2) described in a recent review 8 cases of textiloma in renal surgeries, one after a nephrectomy performed 24 years before textiloma diagnosis. Risk factors implied are primarily related to the type of surgery (urgent or elec-

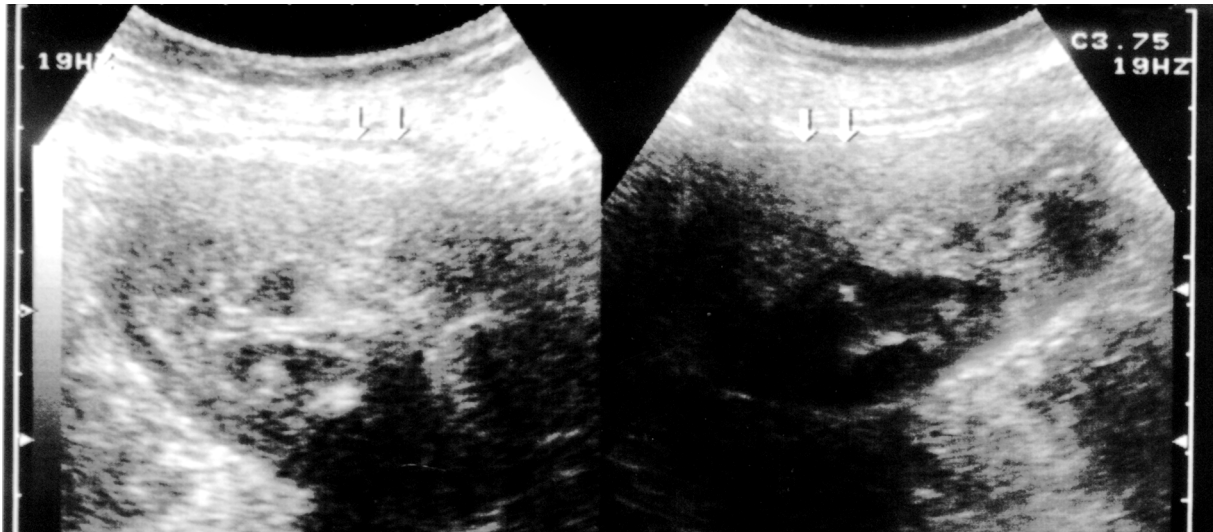


Figure 1 – Ultrasound demonstrating a heterogeneous mass in left upper quadrant.

tive) and to the preventive routine executed. There are several forms of clinical presentation, making diagnosis very difficult sometimes. Radiographic methods are useful and, occasionally, conclusive (3). Many centers use radiopaque labeled material. Occasionally only surgery define the diagnosis.

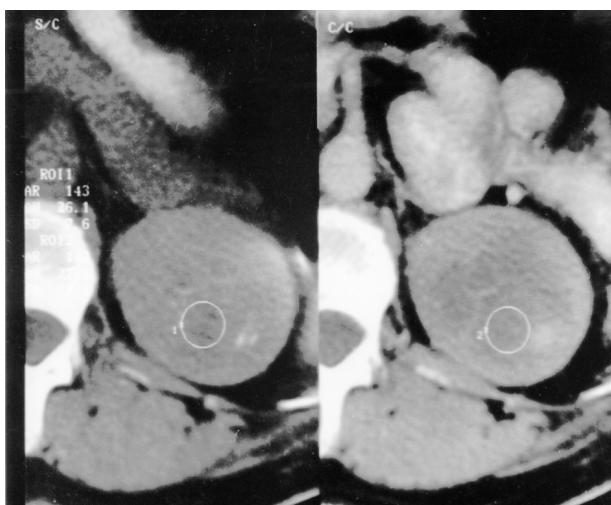


Figure 2 – Computed tomography shows mass details, with some calcifications and soft tissue density.

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